

In September 2011, the U.S. Department of Education (the Department) offered each state education agency (SEA) the opportunity to request flexibility from the one-size-fits-all requirements of the *Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA)*, as amended by the *No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (NCLB)*, on behalf of itself, its local education agencies (LEAs), and schools. SEAs wishing to qualify for *ESEA* flexibility were required to provide the Department with rigorous and comprehensive state-developed plans designed to improve educational outcomes for all students, close achievement gaps, increase equity, and improve instructional quality.

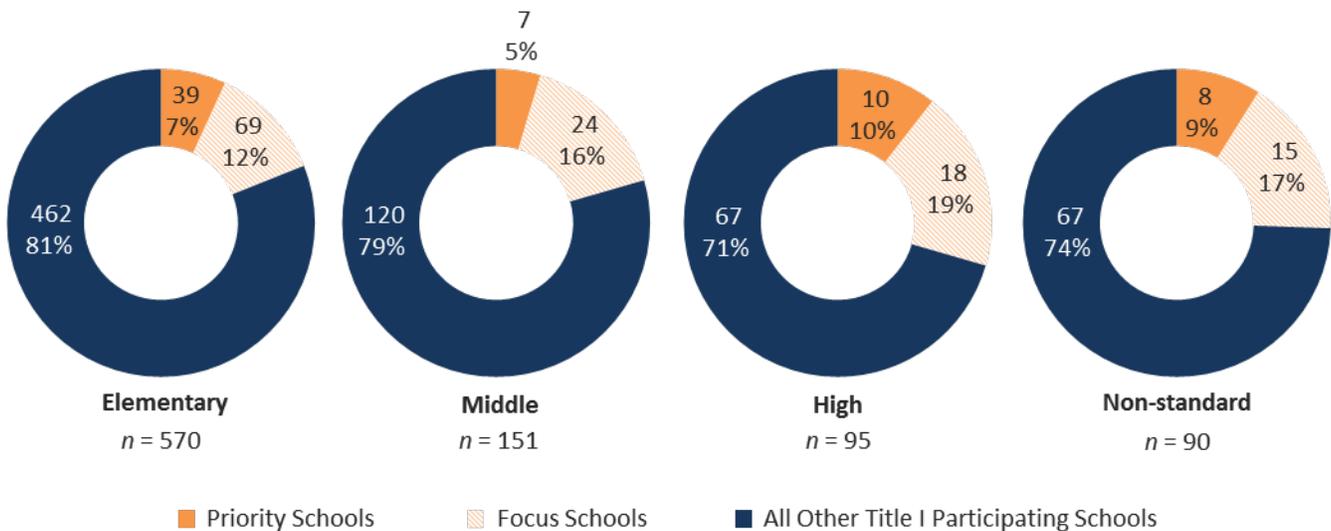
In order to receive *ESEA* flexibility, each SEA developed and implemented a system of differentiated recognition, accountability, and support that considered student achievement, graduation rates, and school performance and progress over time for the “all students” group, individual *ESEA* student subgroups, and any combined subgroup. A key element of the accountability systems was the identification of a state’s lowest-achieving schools and schools with the lowest graduation rates as priority schools and schools with the most significant achievement or graduation rate gaps as focus schools. Each SEA identified a number of schools equal to at least 5 percent of its Title I participating schools as priority schools and equal to at least 10 percent of its Title I participating schools as focus schools. Each SEA is ensuring that schools and students receive interventions and supports based on this comprehensive system of identification.

SEAs approved to begin implementation of *ESEA* flexibility in the 2012–13 school year (Windows 1 and 2 states) used 2010–11 data, 2011–12 data, or multiple years of data including 2011–12 data to identify schools under their systems of differentiated recognition, accountability, and support. Similarly, SEAs approved to begin implementation of *ESEA* flexibility in the 2013–14 school year (Windows 3 and 4 states) used 2011–12 data, 2012–13 data, or multiple years of data including 2012–13 data to identify schools under their accountability systems. The Department analyzed aggregate student data reported by SEAs to determine the extent to which each SEA’s identification of schools captured low subgroup achievement, low subgroup graduation rates, large subgroup achievement and graduation rate gaps, and subgroups meeting annual measurable objectives (AMOs), the 95-percent participation rate, and graduation rate targets. The data analysis that follows is a profile developed specifically for each state based on SEA-provided data for Title I participating schools. Each Window 1 and Window 2 state will have a Year 1 analysis (based on 2011–12 data) and a Year 2 analysis (based on 2012–13 data). Each Window 3 and Window 4 state will have only a Year 1 analysis (based on 2012–13 data). Please note that the analyses were impacted by varying levels of school data quality as indicated in the footnote for each exhibit and as noted in Appendix A-1 (Technical notes) and Appendix A-2 (Excluded and modified state profile analyses). Additionally, under *ESEA* flexibility, a state may have identified Title I eligible, but not Title I participating schools as priority schools. Such schools would not be included in the following analysis, which includes only Title I participating schools.

These profiles are provided to states as tools to facilitate continuous improvement of each SEA’s system of differentiated recognition, accountability, and support and to support conversations between individual SEAs and the Department. The Department intends to continue to generate data analyses of *ESEA* flexibility going forward. The current profiles are not designed to provide information on the effectiveness of individual state systems or the impact of *ESEA* flexibility on student achievement or other educational outcomes.

### Section I: Overview of Accountability Under *Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) Flexibility*

**Exhibit 1. What percentage of Title I participating elementary, middle, high, and non-standard schools were identified as priority, focus, or other?**



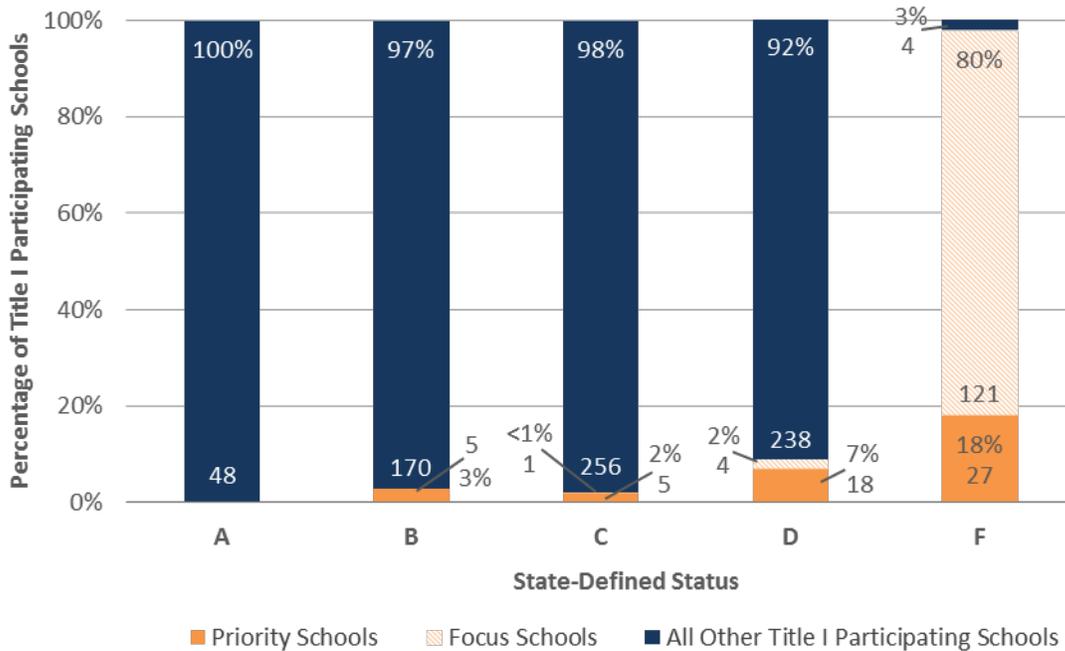
**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating elementary schools, 7 percent (39 schools) were identified as priority, 12 percent (69 schools) were identified as focus, and 81 percent (462 schools) were among all other Title I participating schools for 2012–13.

Source: 2011–12 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 18: Grades offered; 2012–13 ED*Facts*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (n = 906 Title I participating schools)

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

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**Exhibit 2. What percentage of Title I participating schools in each state-defined status were identified as priority, focus, or other?**



**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools categorized as “A,” 0 percent (0 schools) were identified as priority, 0 percent (0 schools) were identified as focus, and 100 percent (48 schools) were among all other Title I participating schools for 2012–13.

Source: 2012–13 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 34: Improvement status - school, DG 779: State-defined school status ( $n = 897$  Title I participating schools [48 A schools, 175 B schools, 262 C schools, 260 D schools, and 152 F schools])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

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**Exhibit 3. At the time of identification, what were the demographic characteristics of priority and focus schools compared to all other Title I participating schools?**

Characteristics	Schools Identified as Priority or Focus for 2012–13	All Other Title I Participating Schools
<b>School Level (Percentage of Schools)</b>		
Elementary	56.8%	64.5%
Middle	16.3%	16.8%
High	14.7%	9.4%
Non-standard <sup>a</sup>	12.1%	9.4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>School Type (Percentage of Schools)</b>		
Regular	48.4%	91.3%
Alternative	50.0%	8.5%
Special education	1.6%	<1%
Vocational	0.0%	0.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Charter School Status (Percentage of Schools)</b>	27.4%	4.1%
<b>Urbanicity (Percentage of Schools)</b>		
Large or middle-sized city	63.2%	22.9%
Urban fringe and large town	24.7%	38.1%
Small town and rural area	12.1%	39.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Percentage of Students by Race/Ethnicity</b>		
American Indian	<1%	1.0%
Asian	<1%	1.6%
Black	88.9%	45.8%
Hispanic	2.7%	5.0%
White	7.0%	45.1%
<b>Total<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>98.6%</b>	<b>98.6%</b>
<b>Percentage of Students Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Lunch</b>	90.0%	74.3%
<b>Percentage of Students With Disabilities</b>	11.0%	10.2%
<b>Percentage of Limited English Proficient Students<sup>c</sup></b>	3.1%	3.3%
<b>Average Total School Enrollment</b>	434	479

**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, 57 percent of Title I participating schools identified as priority or focus for 2012–13 were elementary schools, compared to 65 percent of all other Title I participating schools.

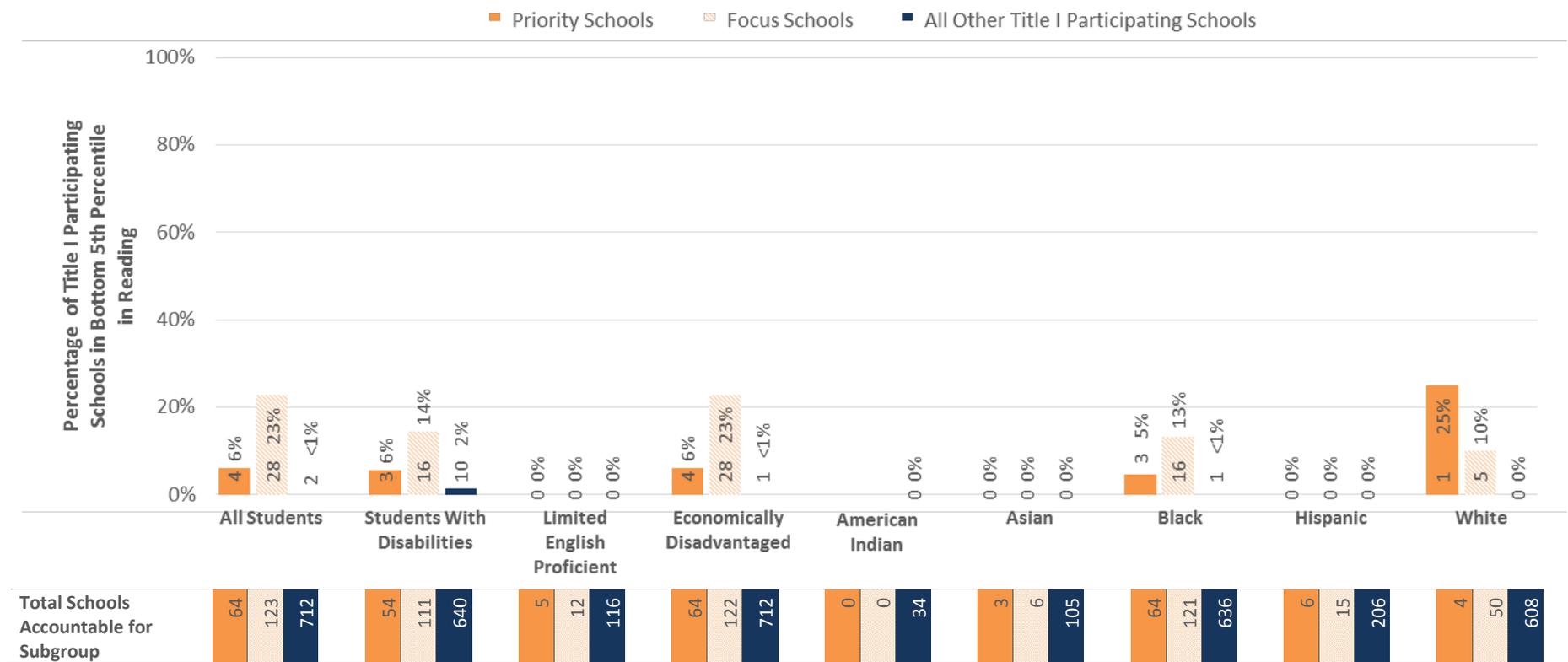
Source: 2011–12 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 18: Grades offered, DG 21: School type, DG 27: Charter status, DG 39: Membership, DG 74: Children with disabilities (IDEA) school age, DG 123: LEP students in LEP program, DG 565: Free or reduced-price lunch; 2012–13 ED*Facts*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (*n* = 906 Title I participating schools [190 Title I participating schools identified as priority or focus and 716 all other Title I participating schools])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

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### Section II: Performance of Title I Schools on Proficiency Rates and Graduation Rates

**Exhibit 4. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had student subgroups performing in the bottom 5th percentile (for that subgroup) in reading?**



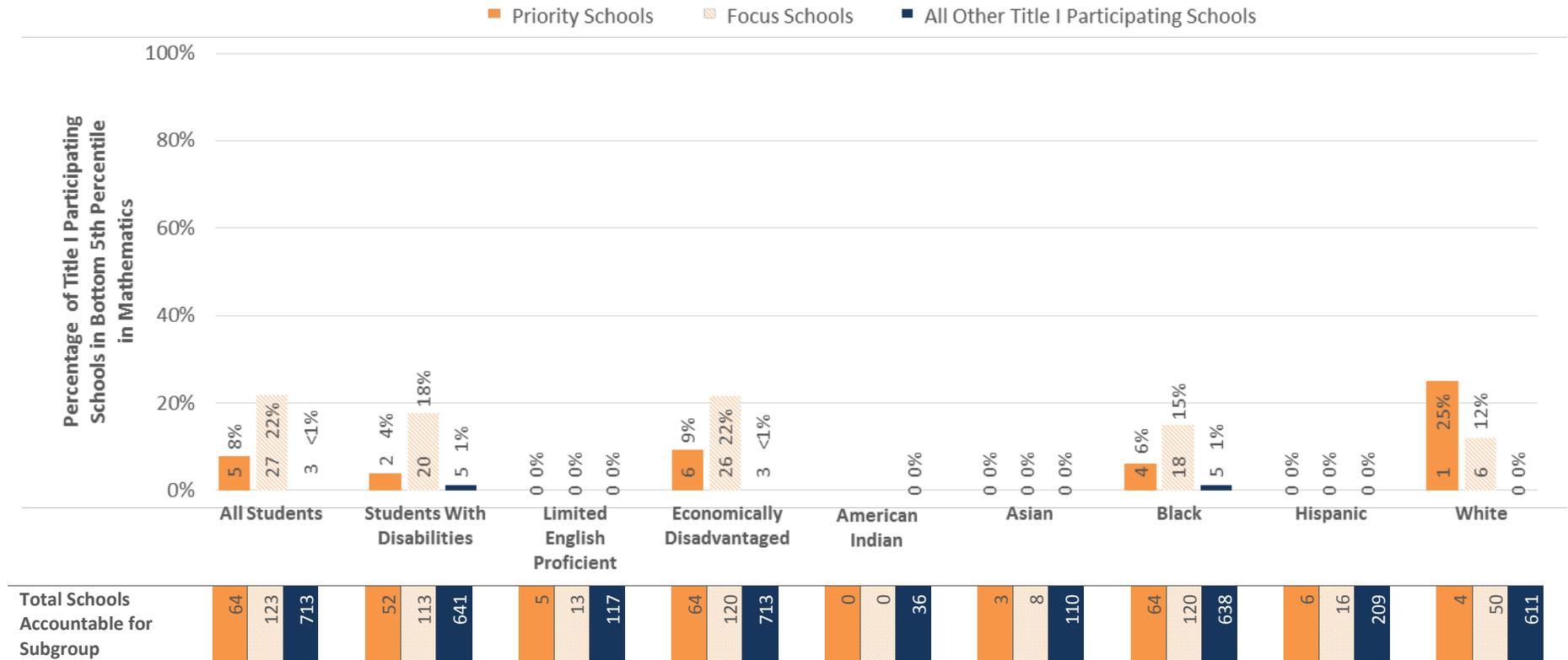
**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools, 6 percent of priority schools (4 schools), 23 percent of focus schools (28 schools), and less than 1 percent of all other Title I participating schools (2 schools) scored in the bottom 5th percentile statewide in terms of the performance of the “all students” group in reading in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 584: Academic achievement in reading; 2012–13 ED*Facts*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (*n* = 899 Title I participating schools [64 priority, 123 focus, and 712 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

# LOUISIANA Year 1 ESEA Flexibility State Profile

**Exhibit 5. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had student subgroups performing in the bottom 5th percentile (for that subgroup) in mathematics?**



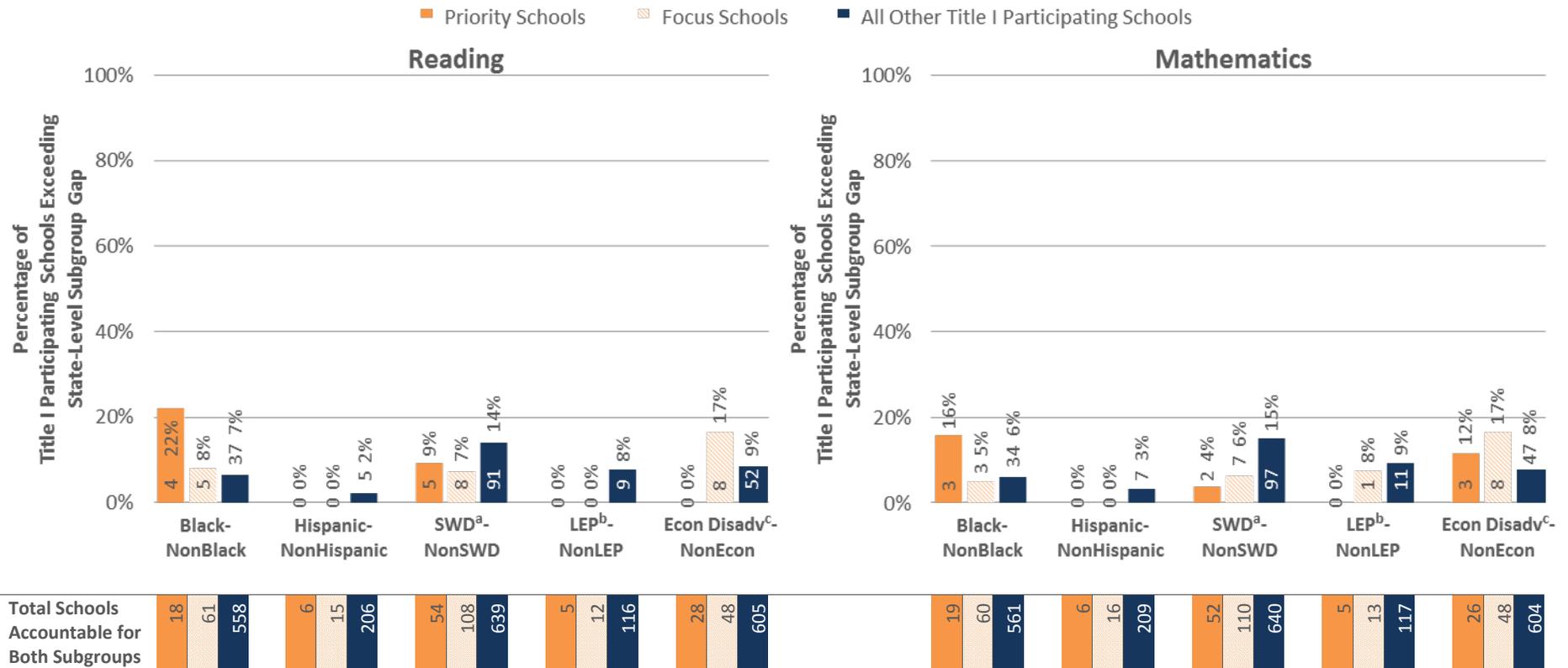
**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools, 8 percent of priority schools (5 schools), 22 percent of focus schools (27 schools), and less than 1 percent of all other Title I participating schools (3 schools) scored below the 5th percentile statewide in terms of the performance of the “all students” group in mathematics in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 583: Academic achievement in mathematics; 2012–13 ED*Facts*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (*n* = 900 Title I participating schools [64 priority, 123 focus, and 713 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

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**Exhibit 6. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had student subgroup gaps that exceeded statewide subgroup gaps by one or more standard deviations?**



**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools, 22 percent of priority schools (4 schools), 8 percent of focus schools (5 schools), and 7 percent of all other Title I participating schools (37 schools) had a performance gap between Black and nonBlack students exceeding the state-level gap by one or more standard deviations in reading in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED*FACTS*, Data Group (DG) 583: Academic achievement in mathematics, DG 584: Academic achievement in reading; 2012–13 ED*FACTS*, DG 34: Improvement status - school ( $n = 872$  Title I participating schools [58 priority, 115 focus, and 699 all other Title I participating])

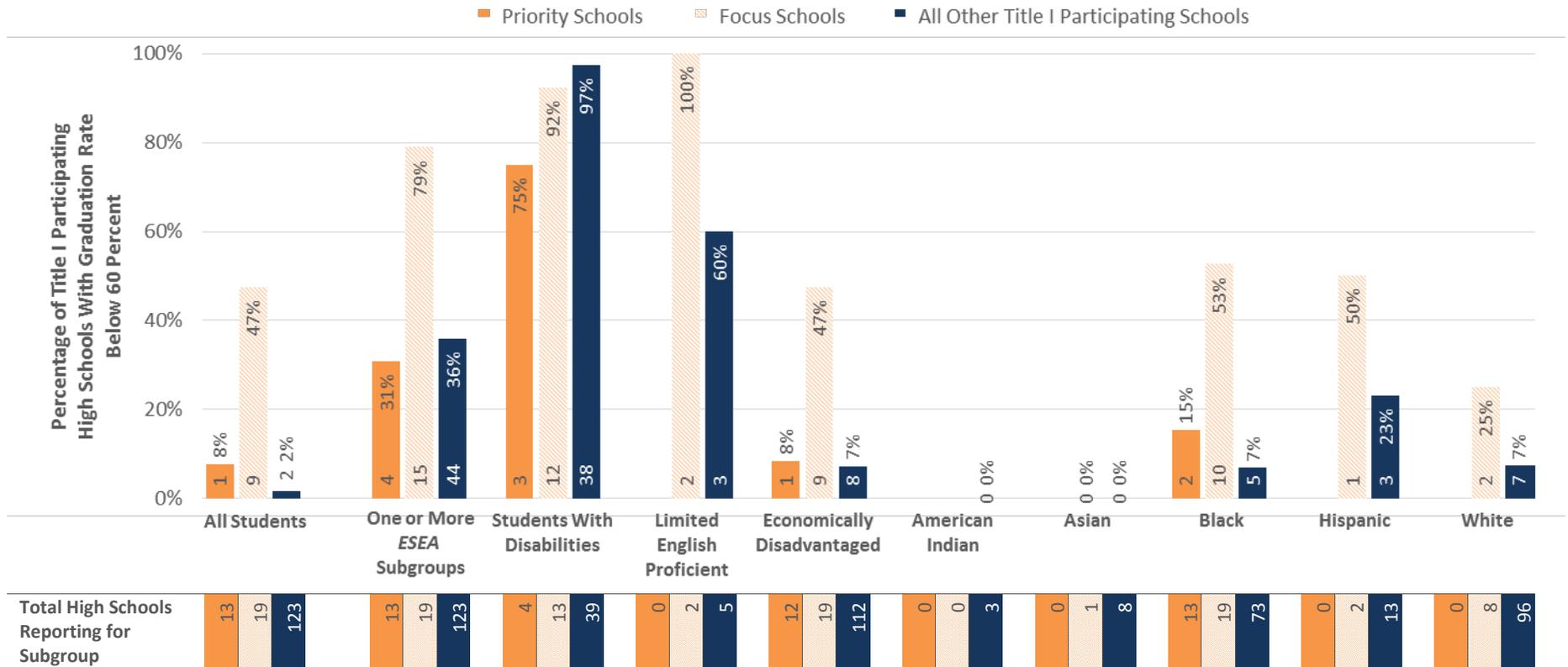
Note: States had flexibility regarding which subgroups and subgroup gaps they would target in identifying focus schools.

Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

# LOUISIANA

## Year 1 ESEA Flexibility State Profile

**Exhibit 7. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other high schools had graduation rates below 60 percent?**



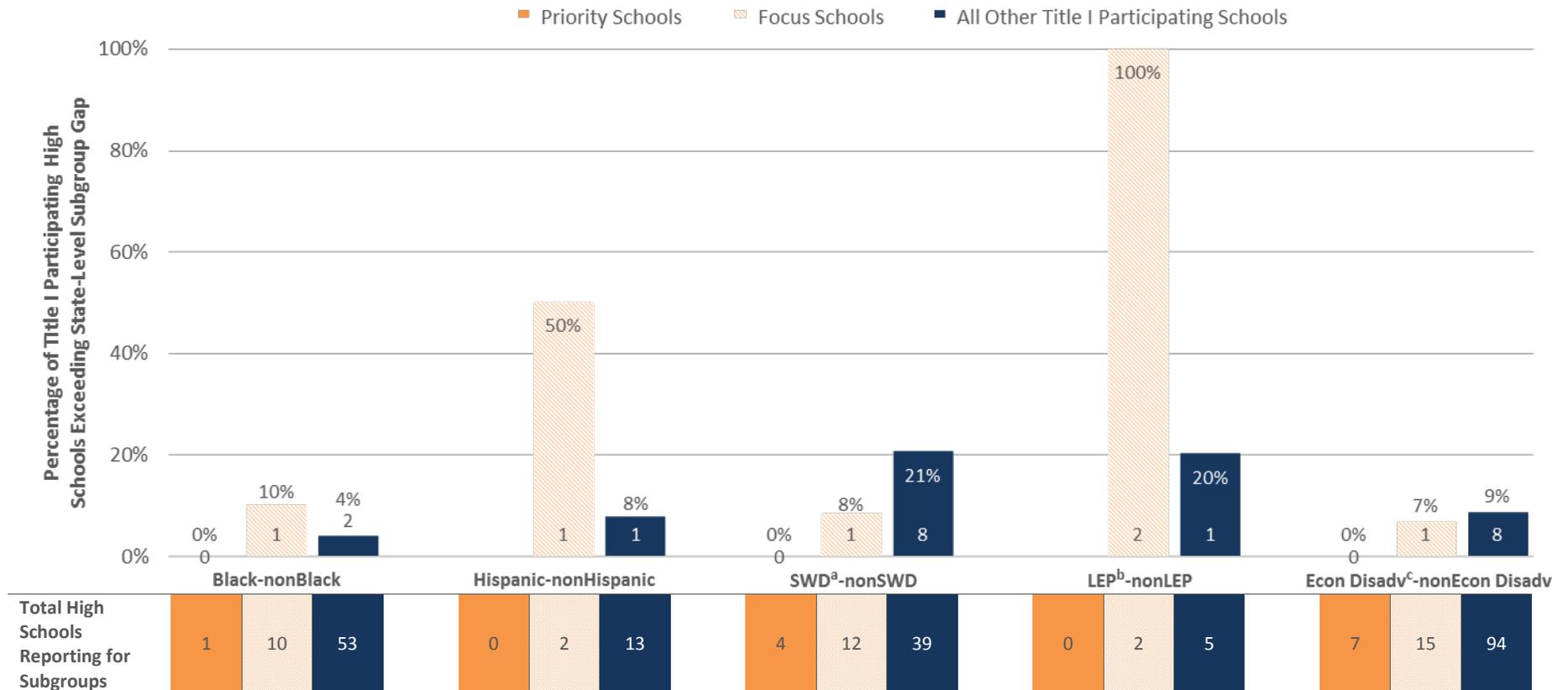
**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating high schools, 8 percent of priority schools (1 school), 47 percent of focus schools (9 schools), and 2 percent of all other Title I participating schools (2 schools) had a four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate below 60 percent for the “all students” group in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED*FACTS*, Data Group (DG) 695: Adjusted four-year cohort graduation rates; 2012–13 ED*FACTS*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (*n* = 155 Title I participating high schools [13 priority, 19 focus, and 123 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

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**Exhibit 8. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other high schools had graduation rate subgroup gaps that exceeded statewide subgroup gaps by one or more standard deviations?**



**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating high schools, 0 percent of priority schools (0 schools), 10 percent of focus schools (1 school), and 4 percent of all other Title I participating schools (2 schools) had a graduation rate gap between Black and nonBlack students exceeding the state-level gap by one or more standard deviations in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 695: Adjusted four-year cohort graduation rates; 2012–13 ED*Facts*, DG 34: Improvement status - school ( $n = 119$  Title I participating high schools [7 priority, 17 focus, and 95 all other Title I participating])

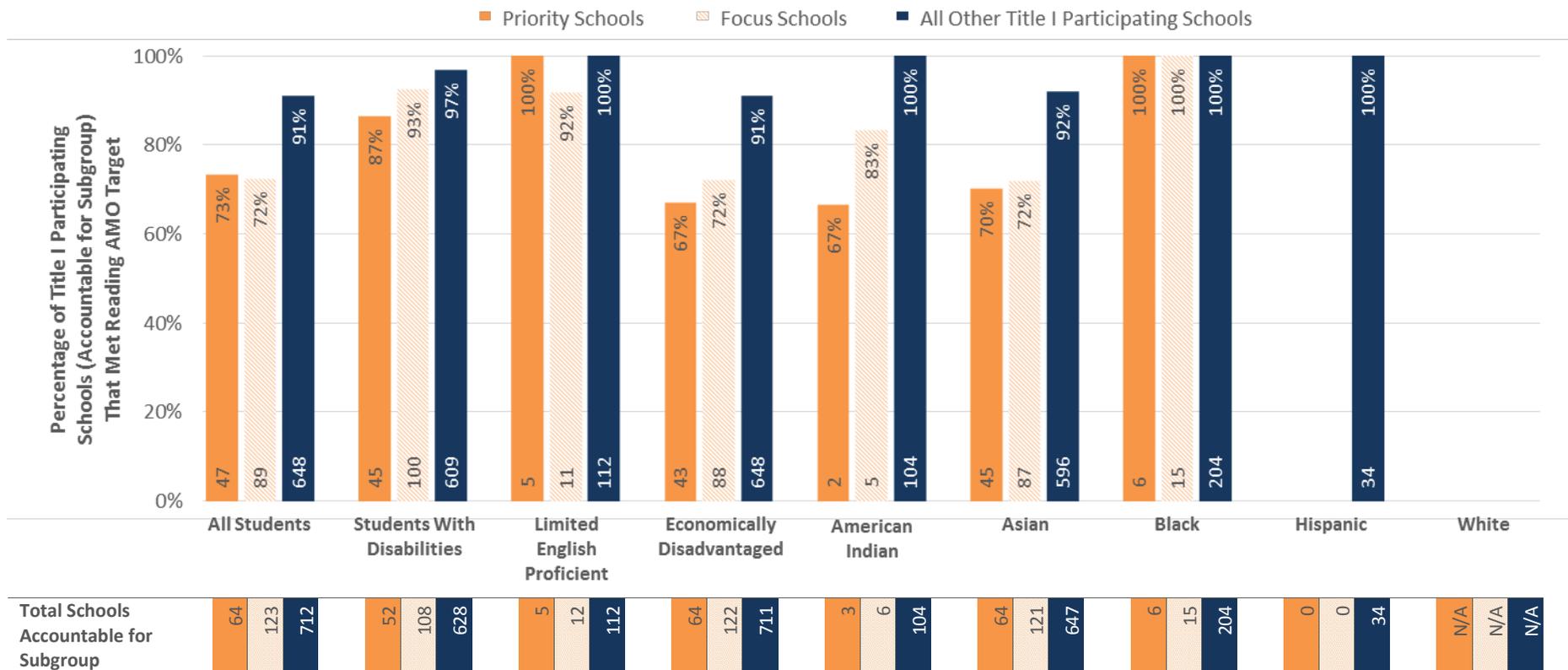
Note: States had flexibility regarding which subgroups and subgroup gaps they would target in identifying focus schools.

Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

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### Section III: Performance of Title I Schools on ESEA Accountability Targets

**Exhibit 9. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the state-defined annual measurable objective (AMO) targets in reading?**

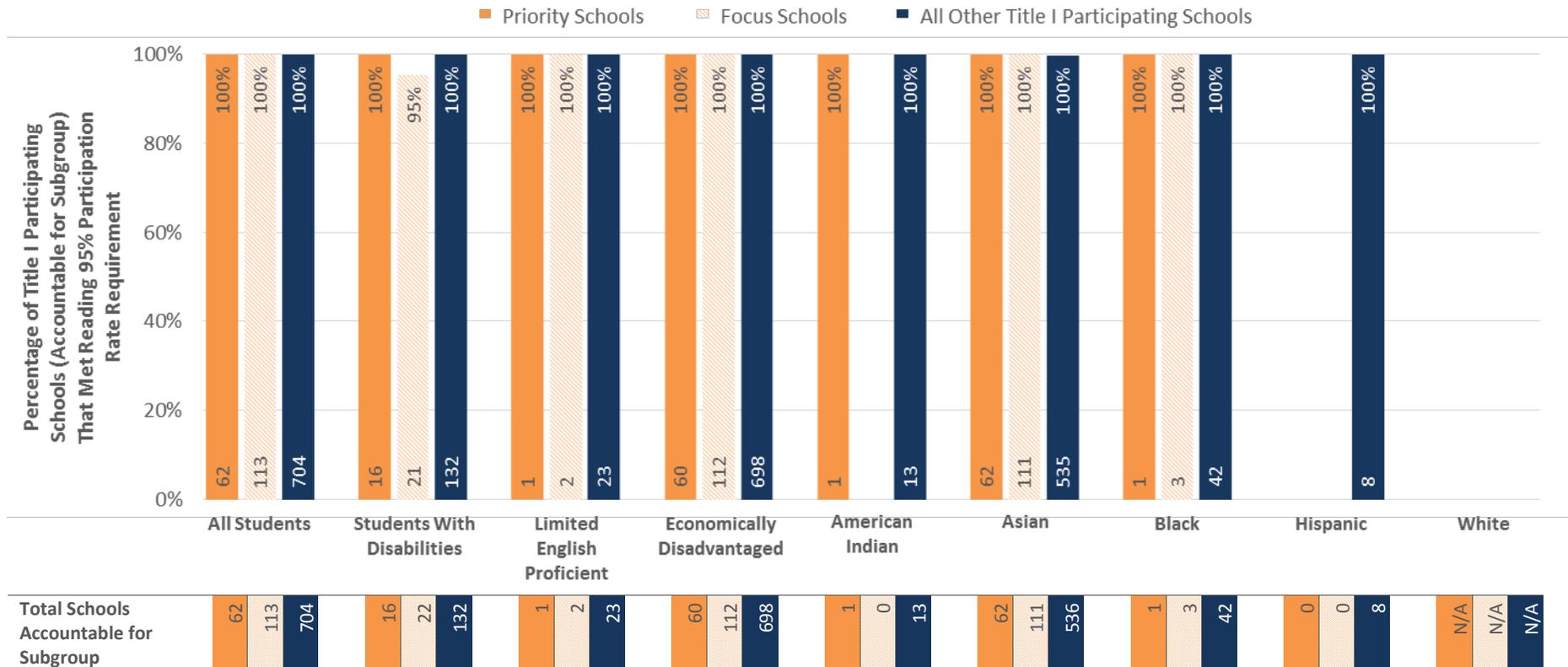


**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools, 73 percent of priority schools (47 schools), 72 percent of focus schools (89 schools), and 91 percent of all other Title I participating schools (648 schools) met the state-defined reading AMO target for the “all students” group in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 552: AMO reading/ELA status; 2012–13 ED*Facts*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (*n* = 899 Title I participating schools [64 priority, 123 focus, and 712 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

**Exhibit 10. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the 95 percent participation rate requirement in reading?**



**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools, 100 percent of priority schools (62 schools), 100 percent of focus schools (113 schools), and 100 percent of all other Title I participating schools (704 schools) met the reading 95 percent participation rate requirement for the “all students” group in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED Facts, Data Group (DG) 553: Reading/ELA participation status; 2012–13 ED Facts, DG 34: Improvement status - school (n = 879 Title I participating schools [62 priority, 113 focus, and 704 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

**Exhibit 11. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the state-defined annual measurable objective (AMO) targets in mathematics?**



**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools, 65 percent of priority schools (41 schools), 78 percent of focus schools (96 schools), and 89 percent of all other Title I participating schools (632 schools) met the state-defined mathematics AMO target for the “all students” group in 2011–12.

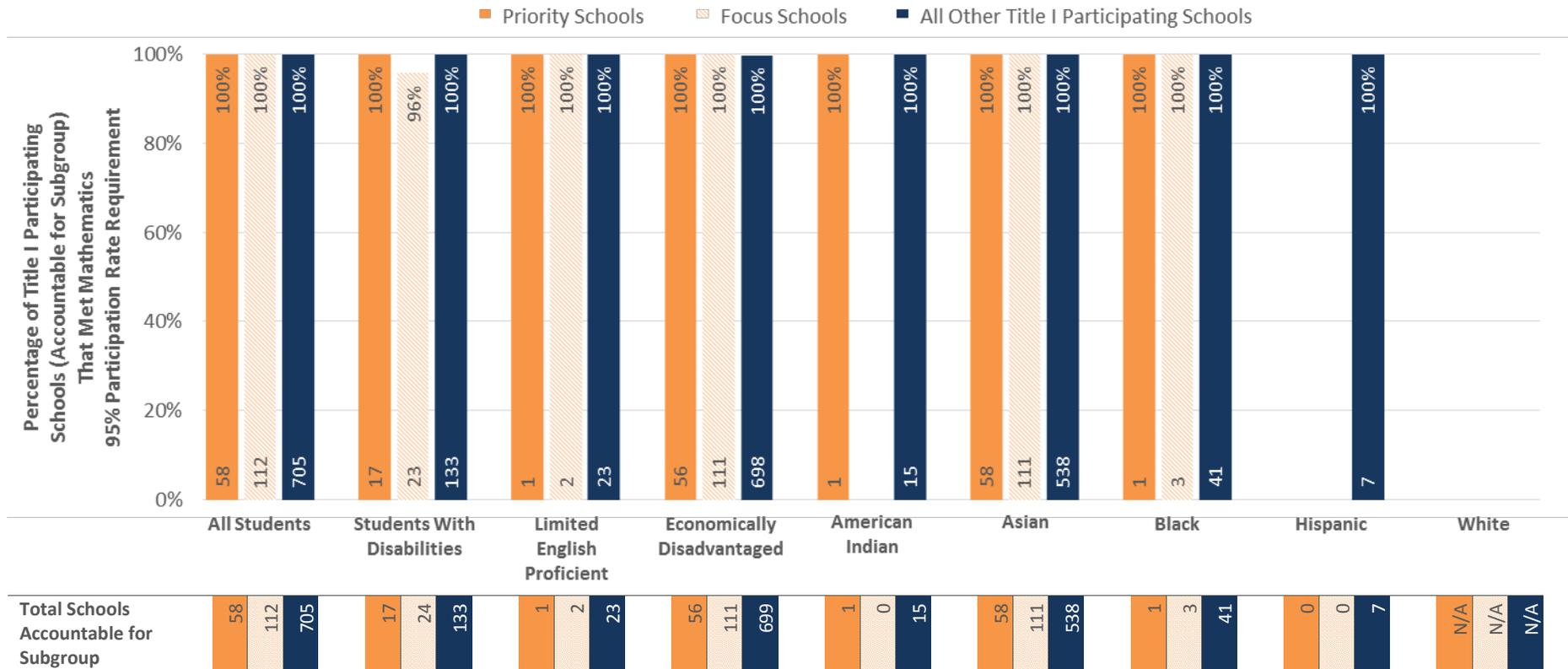
Source: 2011–12 ED*FACTS*, Data Group (DG) 554: AMO mathematics status; 2012–13 ED*FACTS*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (n = 899 Title I participating schools [63 priority, 123 focus, and 713 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

# LOUISIANA

## Year 1 ESEA Flexibility State Profile

**Exhibit 12. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the 95 percent participation rate requirement in mathematics?**



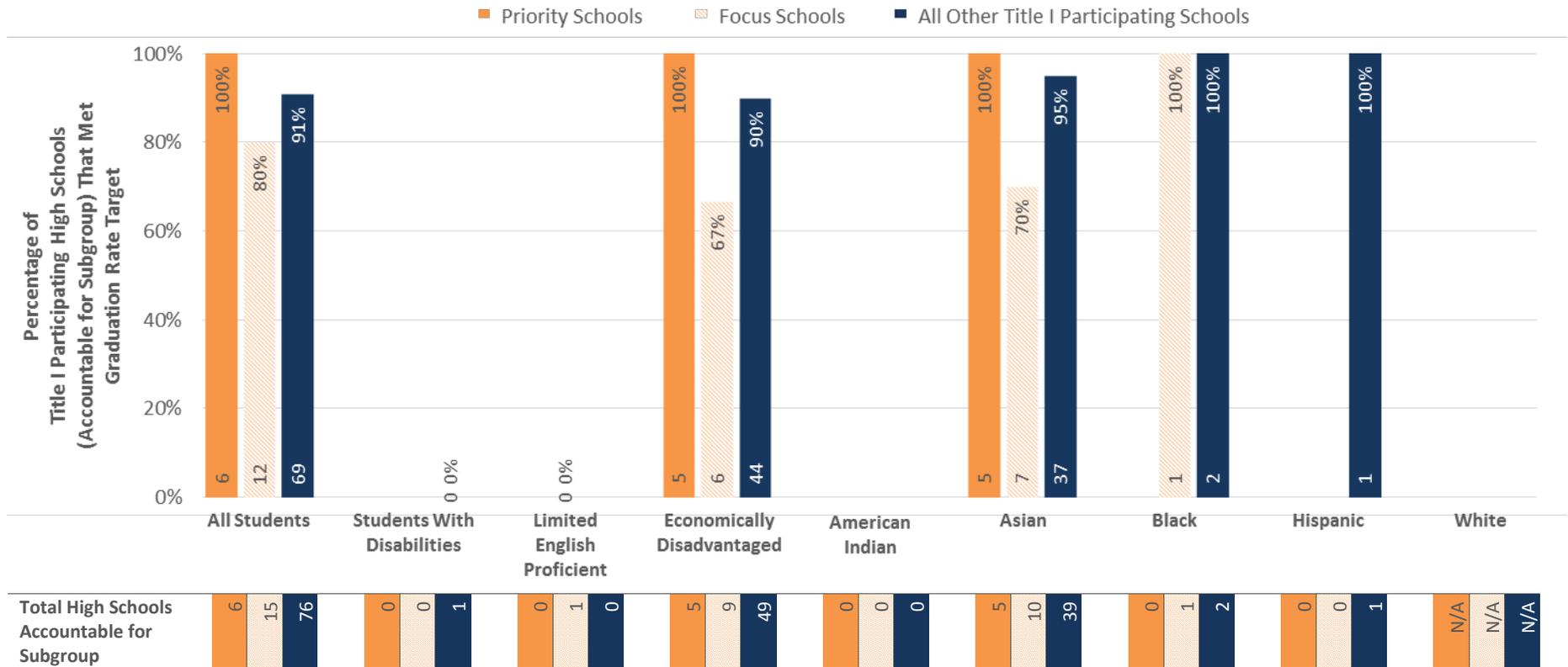
**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating schools, 100 percent of priority schools (58 schools), 100 percent of focus schools (112 schools), and 100 percent of all other Title I participating schools (705 schools) met the mathematics 95 percent participation rate requirement for the “all students” group in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED<sup>FACTS</sup>, Data Group (DG) 555: Mathematics participation status; 2012–13 ED<sup>FACTS</sup>, DG 34: Improvement status - school (n = 875 Title I participating schools [58 priority, 112 focus, and 705 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

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**Exhibit 13. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other high schools had met the state-defined four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate targets?**



**Exhibit reads:** In Louisiana, among Title I participating high schools, 100 percent of priority schools (6 schools), 80 percent of focus schools (12 schools), and 91 percent of all other Title I participating schools (69 schools) met the state-defined four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate target for the “all students” group in 2011–12.

Source: 2011–12 ED*Facts*, Data Group (DG) 557: High school graduation rate indicator; 2012–13 ED*Facts*, DG 34: Improvement status - school (*n* = 97 Title I participating high schools [6 priority, 15 focus, and 76 all other Title I participating])

Note: Technical notes for this exhibit appear in the Appendix.

## Appendix

## Exhibit A-1. Technical notes

Exhibit Number	Technical Notes
Exhibit 1. What percentage of Title I participating elementary, middle, high, and non-standard schools were identified as priority, focus, or other?	<p>School levels were defined using <i>Common Core of Data (CCD)</i> codes, which were calculated from the school's corresponding low/high grade span: elementary (low grade: PK–3, high grade: PK–8); middle (low grade: 4–7, high grade: 4–9); high (low grade: 7–12, high grade: 12 only); and non-standard (grade configurations not falling within the elementary, middle, or high categories).</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to elementary, middle, and high schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. <b>This exhibit excludes 148 schools, including 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13 and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 2. What percentage of Title I participating schools in each state-defined status were identified as priority, focus, or other?	<p>State-defined accountability status levels in Louisiana range from “A” to “F,” with “F” representing the lowest performance level.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. <b>This exhibit excludes 157 schools, including 9 Title I participating schools missing data for state-defined accountability status for 2012–13; 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 3. At the time of identification, what were the demographic characteristics of priority and focus schools compared to all other Title I participating schools?	<p><sup>a</sup> Non-standard schools are schools with a grade configuration not falling within the elementary (low grade: PK–3, high grade: PK–8); middle (low grade: 4–7, high grade: 4–9); or high school (low grade: 7–12, high grade: 12 only) categories.</p> <p><sup>b</sup> Percentage of students by race/ethnicity may not sum to 100 percent due to exclusion of students reported as “two or more races.” <i>Asian</i> includes Pacific Islander, <i>American Indian</i> includes Alaska Native, <i>Black</i> includes African American, and <i>Hispanic</i> includes Latino.</p> <p><sup>c</sup> This category represents the percentage of limited English proficient (LEP) students participating in LEP programs among schools with LEP programs—not all Title I participating—because the state did not report on schools with 0 LEP students participating in LEP programs.</p> <p>Student characteristics are weighted in proportion to the number of students enrolled in a school. This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. Due to missing data in <i>EDFacts</i>, analysis samples vary across school characteristics, ranging from 84 to 190 for Title I participating schools identified as priority or focus and from 503 to 716 for all other Title I participating schools. <b>This exhibit also excludes 148 schools, including 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13 and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 4. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had student subgroups performing in the bottom 5th percentile (for that subgroup) in reading?	<p>Percentiles are defined by the percentage of students scoring at or above proficient on state assessments in reading/English language arts. The percentage of schools in the bottom 5th percentile may exceed 5 percent in cases where the cut point for the 5th percentile and higher ranked percentiles (e.g., 10th, 15th) is 0 percent proficient. No priority or focus school met or exceeded the minimum <i>n</i> size for the American Indian subgroup.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit excludes 155 schools, including 7 Title I participating schools (0 priority, 3 focus, 4 all other Title I participating) below the minimum <i>n</i> size for each student subgroup, <b>30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13, and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>

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Exhibit Number	Technical Notes
Exhibit 5. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had student subgroups performing in the bottom 5th percentile (for that subgroup) in mathematics?	<p>Percentiles are defined by the percentage of students scoring at or above proficient on state assessments in mathematics. The percentage of schools in the bottom 5th percentile may exceed 5 percent in cases where the cut point for the 5th percentile and higher ranked percentiles (e.g., 10th, 15th) is 0 percent proficient. No priority or focus school met or exceeded the minimum <i>n</i> size for the American Indian subgroup.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit excludes 154 schools, including 5 Title I participating schools (0 priority, 3 focus, 2 all other Title I participating) below the minimum <i>n</i> size for each student subgroup, <b>1 Title I participating school (0 priority, 0 focus, 1 all other Title I participating) missing mathematics proficiency data for every student subgroup, 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13, and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 6. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had student subgroup gaps that exceeded statewide subgroup gaps by one or more standard deviations?	<p><sup>a</sup> SWD = Students with disabilities  <sup>b</sup> LEP = Limited English proficient  <sup>c</sup> Econ Disadv = Economically disadvantaged</p> <p>Proficiency rates for the nonBlack, nonHispanic, noneconomically disadvantaged, nonSWD, and nonLEP subgroups were calculated by subtracting the number of proficient students and the number of students with valid scores for the Black, Hispanic, economically disadvantaged, SWD, and LEP subgroups, respectively, from the number of proficient students and the number of students with valid scores for the “all students” group, and then dividing the resulting number of proficient students in the nonBlack, nonHispanic, noneconomically disadvantaged, nonSWD, or nonLEP subgroup by the number of students with valid scores in the subgroup.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit excludes 182 schools, including 34 Title I participating schools (6 priority, 11 focus, 17 all other Title I participating) below the minimum <i>n</i> size for each student subgroup, <b>30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13, and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 7. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other high schools had graduation rates below 60 percent?	<p>The regulatory four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate is the number of students who graduate in four years with a regular high school diploma divided by the number of students who formed the cohort for that graduating class. The four-year adjusted cohort rate also includes students who graduate in less than four years. Under ESEA flexibility, states identified all Title I schools with graduation rates below 60 percent over a number of years.</p> <p>No priority school met the analysis threshold (i.e., 10 students in graduation cohort) for the limited English proficient, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, or White subgroups; and no focus schools met the analysis threshold for the American Indian subgroup.</p> <p>This exhibit includes 12 Title I participating high schools (0 priority, 2 focus, 10 all other Title I participating) where 2008–09 grade 9 enrollment was 10 percent to 99 percent greater or less than the number of students in the 2011–12 graduation cohort.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools serving grade 12 that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit may include non-standard schools (i.e., schools with grade configurations not falling within the elementary, middle, or high categories) serving grade 12. This exhibit excludes 101 high schools, including 5 Title I participating high schools (2 priority, 1 focus, 2 all other Title I participating) below the minimum analysis threshold (10 students in the graduation cohort) for each student subgroup; <b>20 Title I participating high schools (1 priority, 12 focus, 7 all other Title I participating) missing graduation rate data for every student subgroup; 10 Title I participating high schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 66 high schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>

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Exhibit Number	Technical Notes
Exhibit 8. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other high schools had graduation rate subgroup gaps that exceeded statewide subgroup gaps by one or more standard deviations?	<p><sup>a</sup> SWD = Students with disabilities  <sup>b</sup> LEP = Limited English proficient  <sup>c</sup> Econ Disadv = Economically disadvantaged</p> <p>No priority high school met the analysis threshold (i.e., 10 students in graduation cohort) for the subgroups in the Hispanic-nonHispanic or LEP-nonLEP subgroup gap analysis.</p> <p>This exhibit includes 12 Title I participating high schools (0 priority, 2 focus, 10 all other Title I participating) where 2008–09 grade 9 enrollment was 10 percent to 99 percent greater or less than the number of students in the 2011–12 graduation cohort.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools serving grade 12 that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit may include non-standard schools (i.e., schools with grade configurations not falling within the elementary, middle, or high categories) serving grade 12. This exhibit excludes 137 high schools, including 40 Title I participating high schools (8 priority, 3 focus, 29 all other Title I participating) below the minimum analysis threshold (10 students in the graduation cohort) for each student subgroup; <b>21 Title I participating high schools (1 priority, 12 focus, 8 all other Title I participating) missing graduation rate data for every student subgroup; 10 Title I participating high schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 66 high schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 9. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the state-defined annual measurable objective (AMO) targets in reading?	<p>No priority or focus school was accountable for the Hispanic subgroup. The White subgroup was excluded due to data quality concerns about the AMO target data for this subgroup.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit excludes 155 schools, including 1 Title I participating school (0 priority schools, 0 focus schools, and 1 all other Title I participating school) reportedly not accountable for any reading AMO target; <b>6 Title I participating schools (0 priority schools, 3 focus schools, and 3 all other Title I participating schools) missing data for all reading AMO targets; 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 10. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the 95 percent participation rate requirement in reading?	<p>No priority school was accountable for the Hispanic subgroup; and no focus school was accountable for the Hispanic or American Indian subgroups. The White subgroup was excluded due to data quality concerns about the participation target data for this subgroup.</p> <p>Percentages greater than or equal to 99.5 percent are rounded to 100 percent.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit excludes 175 schools, including 21 Title I participating schools (2 priority schools, 10 focus schools, and 9 all other Title I participating schools) reportedly not accountable for any reading participation target; <b>6 Title I participating schools (0 priority schools, 3 focus schools, and 3 all other Title I participating schools) missing data for all reading participation targets; 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
Exhibit 11. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the state-defined annual measurable objective (AMO) targets in mathematics?	<p>No priority or focus school was accountable for the Hispanic subgroup. The White subgroup was excluded due to data quality concerns about the AMO target data for this subgroup.</p> <p>Percentages greater than or equal to 99.5 percent are rounded to 100 percent.</p> <p>This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit excludes 155 schools, including 1 Title I participating school (1 priority, 0 focus, 0 all other Title I participating) reportedly not accountable for any mathematics AMO target; <b>6 Title I participating school (0 priority, 3 focus, 3 all other Title I participating) missing data for all mathematics AMO targets; 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>

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Exhibit Number	Technical Notes
<p>Exhibit 12. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the 95 percent participation rate requirement in mathematics?</p>	<p>No priority school was accountable for the Hispanic subgroup; and no focus school was accountable for the Hispanic or American Indian subgroups. The White subgroup was excluded due to data quality concerns about the participation target data for this subgroup. Percentages greater than or equal to 99.5 percent are rounded to 100 percent. This exhibit is restricted to schools that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit excludes 179 schools, including 25 Title I participating schools (6 priority, 11 focus, 8 all other Title I participating) reportedly not accountable for any mathematics participation target; <b>6 Title I participating schools (0 priority, 3 focus, 3 all other Title I participating) missing data for all mathematics participation targets; 30 Title I participating schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 118 schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>
<p>Exhibit 13. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other high schools had met the state-defined four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate targets?</p>	<p>No priority school was reportedly accountable for the students with disabilities, limited English proficient (LEP), American Indian, Black, or Hispanic subgroups; no focus school was reportedly accountable for the students with disabilities, American Indian, or Hispanic subgroups; and no other Title I participating school was reportedly accountable for the LEP or American Indian subgroups. The White subgroup was excluded because Louisiana did not provide adjusted four-year cohort graduation rate target data for this subgroup. Percentages greater than or equal to 99.5 percent are rounded to 100 percent. This exhibit is restricted to schools serving grade 12 that provided a Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) program or Title I Schoolwide program (SWP) in 2011–12 and reported improvement status for 2012–13. This exhibit may include non-standard schools (i.e., schools with grade configurations not falling within the elementary, middle, or high categories) serving grade 12. This exhibit excludes 159 high schools, including 53 Title I participating high schools (0 priority, 7 focus, 46 all other Title I participating) reportedly not accountable for any graduation rate target; <b>30 Title I participating high schools (10 priority, 10 focus, 10 all other Title I participating) missing data for all graduation rate targets; 10 Title I participating high schools missing data for accountability status for 2012–13; and 66 high schools missing data for 2011–12 Title I participation status.</b></p>

**Exhibit A-2. Excluded and modified state profile analyses**

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Technical Notes</b>
Exhibit 9. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the state-defined annual measurable objective (AMO) targets in reading?	Modified to exclude the White subgroup due to data quality concerns about the AMO target data for this subgroup (all schools in Louisiana reported “no students” or “too few students”, or were missing data for this subgroup).
Exhibit 10. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the 95 percent participation rate requirement in reading?	Modified to exclude the White subgroup due to data quality concerns about the participation target data for this subgroup (all schools in Louisiana reported “no students” or “too few students”, or were missing data for this subgroup).
Exhibit 11. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the state-defined annual measurable objective (AMO) targets in mathematics?	Modified to exclude the White subgroup due to data quality concerns about the AMO target data for this subgroup (all schools in Louisiana reported “no students” or “too few students”, or were missing data for this subgroup).
Exhibit 12. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other schools had met the 95 percent participation rate requirement in mathematics?	Modified to exclude the White subgroup due to data quality concerns about the participation target data for this subgroup (all schools in Louisiana reported “no students” or “too few students”, or were missing data for this subgroup).
Exhibit 13. At the time of identification, what percentage of Title I participating priority, focus, and other high schools had met the state-defined four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate targets?	Modified to exclude the White subgroup because Louisiana did not provide adjusted four-year cohort graduation rate target data for this subgroup.