

2. The number of persons who received fire-related injuries that resulted in treatment at a medical facility, including at an on-campus health center.

*HEA defines a **fire-related injury** as any instance in which a person is injured as a result of a fire, including an injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause, while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of the fire. The term “person” may include students, employees, visitors, firefighters, or any other individuals.*

Include:

- Individuals who are transported to a medical facility (even if they refuse treatment at the facility).
- Individuals who are treated at a temporary medical facility that is set up at the fire site.
- Individuals who are treated in an ambulance.

Do not include:

- Individuals who appear to be injured but refuse to be treated or transferred to a medical facility.
- Individuals more than one time for a single fire. If an individual is treated at a medical facility, and is later transferred to a different medical facility, count this as one person with fire-related injuries.