

REAUTHORIZATION OF THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT

Overview

The 2012 request for the Department of Education aligns Federal education resources with key priorities and principles included in *A Blueprint for Reform: The Reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act*, the Administration's comprehensive plan for reauthorizing the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) that was released in March 2010. The *Blueprint* is available at <http://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/leg/blueprint/blueprint.pdf>.

The *Blueprint* proposes changes in the ESEA intended to help ensure that all children receive the world-class education they deserve and that America needs to compete successfully in the global economy of the 21st century. The proposal does this not just by tinkering with existing law, but by re-envisioning the Federal role in education to support innovative approaches to teaching and learning that make better, more productive use of existing resources. As President Obama has reminded us, "this is our generation's Sputnik moment," and we can no longer afford to invest in the status quo. Instead, we must reform our schools to accelerate student achievement, close achievement gaps, and inspire our children to excel so that by 2020, America will once again have the highest proportion of college graduates in the world.

To accomplish these goals, the 2012 request would invest in a reformed ESEA focused on raising standards, encouraging innovation, and rewarding success, while allowing States and districts more flexibility to invest resources where they will have the greatest impact. In particular, the request funds programs that spur innovation through competition, including a \$900 million investment in the Race to the Top program, which has already motivated States to reform their laws and make new plans to better support educational improvement and innovation. New funding would support awards to additional States and allow the Department to open the Race to the Top competition to school districts. The 2012 budget also includes \$300 million for a new round of grants under the Investing in Innovation (i3) fund to provide incentives for the development and expansion of innovative strategies and practices that have been shown to be effective in improving educational outcomes for students.

In addition, the Administration's reauthorization plan would restructure current ESEA program authorities to reduce the number of programs administered by the Department of Education, increase the role of competition in awarding Federal education funds, focus more closely on desired program outcomes, and expand State and local flexibility to achieve those outcomes. The reauthorization proposal would consolidate 38 existing authorities into 11 new programs that emphasize using competition to allocate funds, giving communities more choices in implementing activities, and using rigorous evidence to fund what works.

The following table shows the ESEA and related programs that would be consolidated under the Administration's 2012 request:

REAUTHORIZATION OF THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT

| ESEA REAUTHORIZATION CONSOLIDATION CROSSWALK | |
|--|---|
| New Authority | Consolidated Programs |
| Effective Teachers and Leaders | Ready to Teach Improving Teacher Quality State Grants |
| Teacher and Leader Innovation Fund | Advanced Credentialing Teacher Incentive Fund |
| Teacher and Leader Pathways | School Leadership Teach for America Teacher Quality Partnership Teachers for a Competitive Tomorrow Transition to Teaching |
| Effective Teaching and Learning for a Complete Education | Effective Teaching and Learning: Literacy Striving Readers Literacy through School Libraries National Writing Project Reading is Fundamental Ready-to-Learn Television Even Start |
| | Effective Teaching and Learning: Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics Mathematics and Science Partnerships |
| | Effective Teaching and Learning for a Well-Rounded Education Teaching American History Academies for American History and Civics Civic Education Close-Up Fellowships Excellence in Economic Education Foreign Language Assistance Arts in Education |
| | National Activities Educational Technology State Grants <i>(Note: Each program would include a focus on educational technology.)</i> |
| College Pathways and Accelerated Learning | Advanced Placement High School Graduation Initiative Javits Gifted and Talented Education |
| Successful, Safe, and Healthy Students | Alcohol Abuse Reduction Elementary and Secondary School Counseling Foundations for Learning Mental Health Integration in Schools Physical Education Program Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities National Activities |
| Expanding Educational Options | Charter Schools Grants Credit Enhancement for Charter School Facilities Parental Information and Resource Centers Smaller Learning Communities Voluntary Public School Choice |

REAUTHORIZATION OF THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT

The \$14.8 billion request for the reauthorized Title I, Part A College- and Career-Ready Students program (formerly Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies) would drive another key priority: graduating every student college- and career-ready (CCR). States would be required to adopt CCR standards in English language arts and mathematics and to implement high-quality assessments that are aligned with and capable of measuring individual student growth toward these standards. The Title I request includes \$300 million for a new Title I Rewards program that would provide financial and other rewards to high-poverty local educational agencies (LEAs) and schools that are making the most progress in improving student achievement and student growth.

The 2012 budget would help launch a new, research-based approach to early learning through the \$350 million Early Learning Challenge Fund, which would make competitive grants to challenge States to establish model systems of early learning for children, from birth to kindergarten entry, that promote high standards of quality and a focus on outcomes across settings to ensure that more children enter school ready to succeed.

The request also would provide \$420 million for a reauthorized Assessing Achievement program (formerly State Assessments) for formula and competitive grants to help States improve the quality of their assessment systems as they transition to assessments aligned with college- and career-ready standards. Under the reauthorized ESEA, States would use these improved assessments to accurately measure student academic growth; more reliably measure student achievement and teacher and school effectiveness; help teachers better tailor instruction to student needs; and provide better information to students and their families. The reauthorized ESEA would create a new, more flexible LEA and school accountability system under which States would measure school and local educational agency (LEA) performance on the basis of progress in getting all students on track to CCR, closing achievement gaps, improving graduation rates, and other indicators. States would provide financial rewards and additional flexibility in the use of ESEA funds for highly effective schools and LEAs and would require rigorous interventions in the lowest-performing schools and LEAs. The 2012 request includes \$600 million for a reauthorized School Turnaround Grants program (formerly School Improvement Grants) that would help LEAs carry out these interventions and build State and local capacity to turn around the Nation's lowest-performing schools.

Other requests that would support the goal of graduating every student college- and career-ready include \$372 million for Expanding Educational Options, which would promote charter schools and other forms of public school choice; \$150 million for Promise Neighborhoods, which would fund comprehensive health, education, and social services for children in distressed communities from birth through college and career; and \$365 million for Successful, Safe, and Healthy Students, which would fund efforts to create safe and disciplined school climates and promote student health and well-being.

A critical prerequisite for graduating all students college- and career-ready is putting more effective teachers and leaders in every school. Longstanding achievement gaps closely track the talent gap found in the classrooms and schools attended by many poor and minority students, and the Administration's reauthorization plan would require States to set clear standards for effective teaching and to design evaluation systems that fairly and rigorously identify effective teachers. The 2012 request supports a restructuring of the ESEA to more effectively recruit, train, reward, and retain effective teachers and school leaders, including

REAUTHORIZATION OF THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT

\$500 million for a new Teacher and Leader Innovation Fund, built on the strengths of the current Teacher Incentive Fund, to support State and district efforts to reform their human capital systems, and \$250 million for Teacher and Leader Pathways. The request also provides a total of \$835 million for new Effective Teaching and Learning authorities that would make competitive awards focused on high-need LEAs to improve instruction in the areas of literacy, STEM, and other subjects.

In addition to continuing to focus Federal education resources on students from low-income families through the Title I, Part A College- and Career-Ready Students program, the Administration's ESEA reauthorization plan would retain longstanding programs and authorities designed to meet the needs of special populations, including English learners, migrant students, neglected and delinquent students, Native Americans, and homeless children and youth.