April 1, 2016

Ms. Catherine Lhamon, Assistant Secretary  
U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights  
Lyndon Baines Johnson Department of Education Building  
400 Maryland Avenue, SW  
Washington, DC 20202-1100

Re: Request for Religious Exemption from Certain Applications of Title IX

Dear Ms. Lhamon:

I hereby request, under 20 U.S.C. § 1681(a)(3) and 34 C.F.R. § 106.12, that the Department of Education’s Office for Civil Rights acknowledge that Bob Jones University is exempt from Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and its accompanying regulations, to the extent that they are interpreted to curtail the University’s freedom to act in accordance with its religious convictions. As president of Bob Jones University, I am the “highest ranking official of the institution,” 34 C.F.R. § 106.12(b), and thus qualified to seek these exemptions.

Bob Jones University (BJU) was founded in 1927 as a Christ-centered institution of higher education, emphasizing theology and the arts.¹ BJU is committed, “[w]ithin the cultural and academic soil of liberal arts higher education,” to “grow[ing] Christlike character that is scripturally disciplined, others-serving, God-loving, Christ-proclaiming and focused above.”²

BJU is completely controlled by a religious organization: its Board of Trustees.³ All board members are like-minded Christians who are required annually to read and indicate consent to the University Creed, which states as follows:

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¹ See http://www.bju.edu/about/history.php.
³ Bob Jones University Policy Manual, Vol. I, Bylaws, Article III, Section 1, p.8; Bob Jones University Policy Manual, Volume I, Section 1.5.2.1, p.35.
The general nature and object of the corporation shall be to conduct an institution of learning for the general education of youth in the essentials of culture and in the arts and sciences, giving special emphasis to the Christian religion and the ethics revealed in the Holy Scriptures, combating all atheistic, agnostic, pagan, and so-called scientific adulterations of the Gospel, unqualifiedly affirming and teaching the inspiration of the Bible (both the Old and the New Testaments); the creation of man by the direct act of God; the incarnation and virgin birth of our Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ; His identification as the Son of God; His vicarious atonement for the sins of mankind by the shedding of His blood on the cross; the resurrection of His body from the tomb; His power to save men from sin; the new birth through the regeneration by the Holy Spirit; and the gift of eternal life by the grace of God. This charter shall never be amended, modified, altered or changed as to the provisions hereinbefore set forth.\(^4\)

Board members must also annually read and consent to the mission statement\(^5\), as well as the general objectives of the University as set forth in the bylaws and charter\(^6\), and the University’s philosophy of education statement\(^7\) (copies of which are enclosed).\(^8\) Every member of the Board is required to indicate that they have read the Board Handbook and Bylaws and are in agreement with them.\(^9\) Board members who can no longer agree to these items disqualify themselves from membership.\(^10\)

Additionally, BJU serves a particular constituency of independent, fundamental churches, and its mission is, in part, to develop individuals who are “engaged in service and leadership in a biblically faithful local church.”

Not only does the University rely on and require all members of its governing board to affirm the University Creed, it also requires its faculty to do so as well, since the creed is foundational to all that it does, including what is taught in its classes.\(^11\)

The Board of Trustees and the University submit themselves to the Bible and to these expressions of its doctrine and seek to take positions that are in accord with those standards,

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including with respect to how BJU’s president is chosen and who is scripturally qualified to preach the Scripture. As articulated in its Presidential Profile (enclosed), BJU’s Board of Trustees requires that its president possess certain personal traits because the president is not only chief executive of a large and complex educational institution, but also the spiritual leader of a religious community.

Although BJU does not expressly require that its president be male, a “candidate must be an ordained preacher who is an able, evangelistic, biblically qualified, inspirational and biblically sound preacher of the inerrant Word.”\textsuperscript{12} The same section of the policy manual refers to the passages of Holy Scripture that set forth the criteria for ordained preachers (and thus, indirectly, for the president of BJU).\textsuperscript{13} Those passages reveal that ordained preachers must be male.\textsuperscript{14} Because BJU’s selection criteria for its president are drawn directly from the Bible, and thus are based upon BJU’s religious tenets, BJU requests exemption from Title IX and its accompanying regulations to the extent that they are interpreted to reach BJU’s selection of its president, and any other positions at BJU for which ordination is a qualification.

BJU does not have any written policies expressing the qualifications of speakers for its conferences or other events; the president selects speakers at his discretion. Regarding those who will preach the Bible at conferences or other events, the president customarily begins with ordained preachers with whom he is familiar, possessing knowledge of their ministries, their orthodoxy, and their degree of agreement with BJU’s understanding of Christian doctrine. Speakers who will not preach the Bible need not be ordained. Both men and women have spoken at campus events and conferences. However, it is the University’s sincerely held belief that only males may be ordained to the preaching and pastoral ministry.

Because its conference speaker selection criteria are based upon its religious tenets, BJU requests a religious exemption to the extent that Title IX or its accompanying regulations are interpreted to include selection of conference speakers or reach BJU’s selection of Bible preachers in any other context.

Specifically, BJU requests, under 20 U.S.C. § 1681(a)(3) and 34 C.F.R. § 106.12, that the Department of Education’s Office for Civil Rights acknowledge that BJU is exempt from Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and the following implementing regulations, to the extent that they are interpreted to curtail the University’s freedom to fill positions requiring ordination and select Bible preachers in accordance with its theological commitments:

\textsuperscript{13} Id.
\textsuperscript{14} 1 Timothy 3; Titus 1.
34 C.F.R. § 106.21 (admission)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.22 (preference in admission)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.23 (recruitment)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.31 (education programs or activities)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.32 (housing)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.33 (comparable facilities)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.34 (access to classes and schools)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.36 (counseling)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.37 (financial assistance)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.38 (employment assistance to students)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.39 (health and insurance benefits and services)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.40 (marital or parental status)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.41 (athletics)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.43 (standards for measuring skill or progress in physical education classes)  
34 C.F.R. § 106.51-61 (relating to employment)  

Thank you in advance for your consideration. I look forward to hearing from you soon. If you require anything further, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Respectfully,

Steve Pettit  
President  

SP:mam